

# INDEX

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>1. ABBREVIATIONS</b> .....  | 25 |
| <b>2. INTRODUCTION</b> .....   | 31 |
| 2.1 The SAGA transcriptional coactivator is a modular multiprotein complex that possesses histone-modifying capabilities and the ability to recruit TBP..... | 34 |
| 2.2 The promiscuity of the SAGA complex subunits: multifunctional and moonlighting proteins. ....  | 37 |
| 2.3 Alternative forms of the SAGA complex. ....  | 43 |
| 2.4 SAGA and TREX-2 are linked complexes that couple transcription and mRNA export.....  | 48 |
| 2.5 SAGA and TREX-2 participate in the stress response. ....   | 52 |
| 2.6 A brief overview of the heat shock response in yeast.....  | 55 |
| 2.7 New players in the coordination of mRNA metabolism steps, the case of Mip6.....  | 58 |
| <b>3. OBJECTIVES</b> .....   | 63 |
| <b>4. MATERIALS AND METHODS</b> .....  | 67 |
| <b>4.1 MATERIALS</b> .....   | 69 |
| 4.1.1 Strains .....  | 70 |
| 4.1.2 Primers.....   | 77 |
| 4.1.3 Plasmids .....   | 80 |
| 4.1.4 Yeast Media .....  | 80 |
| 4.1.5 Antibodies.....  | 81 |
| <b>4.2 METHODS</b> .....   | 83 |
| 4.2.1 Yeast strains, recombinant DNA, and microbiological techniques.....  | 84 |
| 4.2.2 Growth assays. ....  | 88 |
| 4.2.3 Whole-cell protein extracts. ....  | 88 |
| 4.2.4 TAP purification. ....   | 89 |
| 4.2.5 Western blot. ....   | 90 |
| 4.2.6 Chromatin enriched fractions.....  | 91 |
| 4.2.7 Chromatin immunoprecipitation.....   | 92 |
| 4.2.8 RNA extraction. ....   | 93 |
| 4.2.9 Real Time - Quantitative PCR.....  | 94 |
| 4.2.10 RNA-seq.....  | 96 |

|               |   |            |
|---------------|---|------------|
| 4.2.11        | ChIP-seq .....  | 96         |
| 4.2.12        | NET-seq .....   | 97         |
| 4.2.13        | NRM metabolomics .....  | 102        |
| 4.2.14        | Poly(A)+RNA fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) .....   | 103        |
| 4.2.15        | Statistical analysis .....  | 104        |
| <b>5.</b>     | <b>STUDY OF SAGA/SLIK DUALITY AND THEIR LINK WITH TREX-2 .....</b>  | <b>105</b> |
| <b>5.1.</b>   | <b>RESULTS .....</b>  | <b>109</b> |
| <b>5.1.1</b>  | <b>The SAGA–CORE subunit Spt7 is required for correct Ubp8 localization, chromatin association, and deubiquitinase activity. ....</b> | <b>111</b> |
| 5.1.1.1.      | A tetrameric DUBm containing full-length Sgf73 can form without a complete intact SAGA–CORE complex. ....                             | 112        |
| 5.1.1.2.      | Deletion of the SAGA–CORE subunit Spt7 weakens DUBm association with genes and chromatin. ....  | 114        |
| 5.1.1.3.      | The SAGA DUBm can function <i>in vivo</i> in SAGA-CORE complex mutants... ..  | 116        |
| <b>5.1.2.</b> | <b>The TREX-2 complex influences SAGA deubiquitination activity and impacts on SAGA/SLIK ratio. ....</b>                              | <b>118</b> |
| 5.1.2.1.      | The TREX-2 complex influences SAGA DUBm activity <i>in vivo</i> . ...   | 118        |
| 5.1.2.2.      | SLIK formation is boosted in TREX-2 mutants. ....   | 120        |
| 5.1.2.3.      | SAGA/SLIK ratio is partially restored by distinct forms of Sac3p. .   | 125        |
| 5.1.2.4.      | Ubp8 deletion restores high H2Bub <sup>1</sup> levels in “SLIK-constitutive” mutants. ....  | 127        |
| 5.1.2.5.      | SLIK formation is triggered in specific mutants related to H2B ubiquitination. ....   | 129        |
| 5.1.2.6.      | SLIK formation in <i>sac3Δ</i> cells is partially dependent on Pep4 protease. ....  | 130        |
| 5.1.2.7.      | Pep4 association to chromatin is enhanced in <i>sac3Δ</i> . ....  | 132        |
| 5.1.2.8.      | Identification of point Spt7 mutations which trigger SLIK or SAGA formation. ....   | 133        |
| <b>5.1.3.</b> | <b>Functional characterization of SAGA and SLIK complexes. ....</b>   | <b>137</b> |
| 5.1.3.1.      | SAGA but not SLIK contribute to mRNA nuclear retention under osmotic stress. ....   | 138        |
| 5.1.3.2.      | Spt8 and full-length Spt7 are important for the osmotic stress response. ....   | 143        |
| 5.1.3.3.      | Spt8 and the C-terminal domain of Spt7 show genetic interaction with Hog1 under osmotic stress. ....                                  | 145        |
| 5.1.3.4.      | The SAGA/SLIK ratio does not affect Spt7 recruitment to chromatin upon osmotic stress. ....   | 147        |

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| 5.1.3.5. Spt8 and TFIIS recruitment to chromatin is affected in Spt7-1141 and <i>sac3Δ</i> mutants. ....         | 150 |
| 5.1.3.6. Spt8 and Spt7 C-terminus genetically interact with components of the Mediator complex. ....             | 153 |
| <b>5. 2 DISCUSSION AND FUTURE PERSPECTIVES</b> .....   | 155 |
| <b>6. STUDY OF MIP6 FUNCTION IN GENE EXPRESSION REGULATION UNDER HEAT STRESS AND NON-STRESS CONDITIONS</b> ..... | 169 |
| <b>6. 1. RESULTS</b> .....   | 173 |
| 6.1.1 Experimental design and multi-omics dataset generation.....  | 174 |
| 6.1.2 Mip6 plays a role in the regulation of HSR genes. ....   | 176 |
| 6.1.3 Hsf1 and Msn2 recruitment to HSR genes is altered in <i>mip6Δ</i> cells.....                               | 189 |
| 6.1.4 Mip6 affects RNAPol II occupancy under HS.....   | 195 |
| 6.1.1 Metabolic changes induced by Mip6 absence during the heat shock response.. .....                           | 206 |
| 6.1.2 H4K12 acetylation correlates with gene activation under HS.....  | 210 |
| 6.1.3 <i>MIP6</i> interacts genetically with KDACs. ....   | 213 |
| 6.1.4 A heat shock pre-treatment attenuates a consecutive heat shock response in WT and <i>mip6Δ</i> cells. .... | 216 |
| 6.1.5 Hsp12p expression is upregulated in the <i>mip6Δ</i> mutant.....   | 220 |
| <b>6. 2. DISCUSSION AND FUTURE PERSPECTIVES</b> .....  | 222 |
| <b>7. CONCLUSIONS</b> .....  | 235 |
| <b>8. ANNEXES</b> .....  | 239 |
| <b>9. BIBLIOGRAPHY</b> .....   | 242 |