


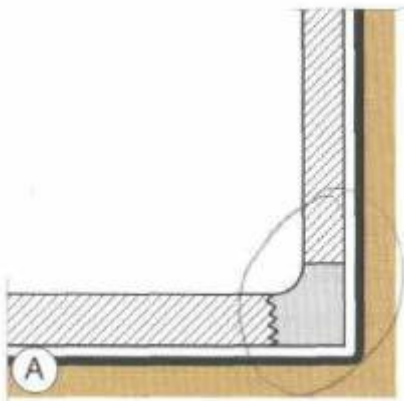
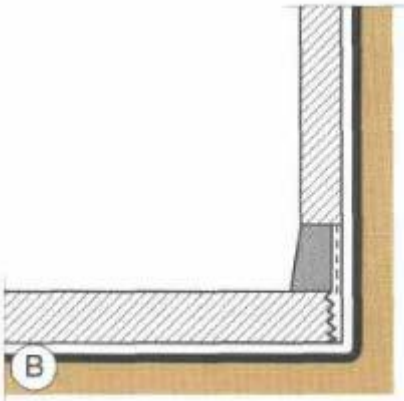
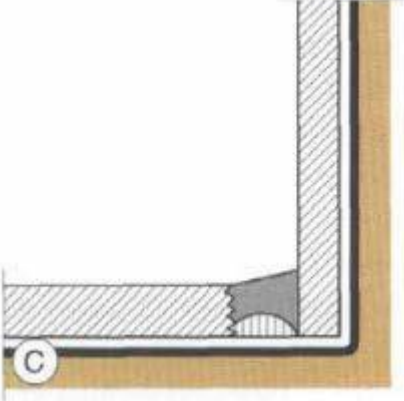


BUILDING COMPONENT ANALYSES	BCA №:09			SUBJECT: WET ROOM FLOOR FINISHES			NAME: CRISTINA MIRET ROMAN CLASS: CAHS72		
<div>CERAMIC TILES</div> 	BR demand:								OK
	Fire	Sound	U-value	Date:	Poor	Acceptable	Good	Remarks:	
				Appearance:			x	CERAMIC BATHROOM FLOOR TILE often used because of its durability, resistance to dampness, its safety to walk on when wet and its ease of cleaning. If you select ceramic tiles for the bathroom, consider using a tile that has a slip-resistant surface for bathroom safety, which is one of the best bathroom tile ideas.	
				Life expectancy:			x		
				Execution (of work):			x		
	Actual:			Operation & maintenance:			x		
				Price:			x		
				Environmental compatibility:		x			
<div>VINYL FLOOR</div> 	BR demand:							Remarks:	
	Fire	Sound	U-value	Date:					
				Appearance:			x	VINYL FLOORING Advantages: + inexpensive + easy to lay + relatively warm to the touch + waterproof + easy to clean Disadvantages: - slippery when wet - sub-floor needs careful preparation - can get scuffed	
				Life expectancy:		x			
				Execution (of work):			x		
	Actual:			Operation & maintenance:		x			
				Price:			x		
				Environmental compatibility:	x				
<div>PORCELAIN</div> 	BR demand							Remarks:	
	Fire	Sound	U-value	Date:					
				Appearance:			x	PORCELAIN STONEWARE SLABS Tiles have gained popularity due to its high strength, frost resistance and high abrasion resistance class. Moreover, a variety of glazes and staining techniques provide a wide range, allowing to choose the perfect floor for every interior.	
				Life expectancy:			x		
				Execution (of work):			x		
	Actual:			Operation & maintenance:		x			
				Price:		x			
				Environmental compatibility:			x		

BUILDING COMPONENT ANALYSES	BCA №:09			SUBJECT: WET ROOM CORNER				NAME: CRISTINA MIRET ROMAN CLASS: CAHS72		
	BR demand:									OK
	Fire	Sound	U-value	Date:	Poor	Acceptable	Good	Remarks:		
				Appearance:			x	A) When movements are relatively small it is possible to use a flexible mortar. In the joint design shown above it is not possible to use an elastic caulking compound as it is not possible to insert a backing material after tile fixing and also because it is not possible to replace the caulking compound.		
				Life expectancy:			x			
				Execution (of work):			x			
	Actual:			Operation & maintenance:			x			
				Price:			x			
				Environmental compatibility:		x				
	BR demand:									
	Fire	Sound	U-value	Date:				Remarks:		
				Appearance:			x	B) This joint design has a slip tape as backing material for an elastic caulking compound. The joint cannot accept larger horizontal or vertical movements. The joint width must be minimum 10 mm. When replacing an existing joint, however, the width may be reduced to 8 mm. The joint type may also be used as a vertical corner joint.		
				Life expectancy:		x				
				Execution (of work):		x				
	Actual:			Operation & maintenance:			x			
				Price:		x				
				Environmental compatibility:			x			
	BR demand									
	Fire	Sound	U-value	Date:				Remarks:		
				Appearance:		x		C) This elastic joint can accept relatively large movements - horizontal and vertical. An EPDM-profile may be used as backing. When thick floor tiles are used it is possible to use around backing rod. Rounded edges on floor tiles may cause the accumulation of water along the joint.		
				Life expectancy:		x				
				Execution (of work):		x				
	Actual:			Operation & maintenance:		x				
				Price:		x				
				Environmental compatibility:			x			