

Contents

Abstract	xi
Basic notation	xxv
Introduction	xxvii
1 Preliminaries	1
1.1 Normed spaces	1
1.2 Continuous and Differentiable Functions	2
1.3 Some properties of the Riemann integral	3
1.4 Construction of Brouwer Degree	4
1.5 Coincidence degree theory	5
1.5.1 Fredholm Mappings	5
1.5.2 Jean Mawhin's continuation theorem	7
2 Modeling the spread of seasonal epidemiological diseases: theory and applications	9
2.1 Introduction	9
2.2 Consistency and dynamical properties	13
2.2.1 Positive solutions	13
2.2.2 Existence of positive periodic solutions	13
2.3 Uniqueness and global stability	19
2.4 Applications	22

3 Existence of periodic solutions in nested models of respiratory syncytial virus RSV	25
3.1 Introduction	25
3.2 Existence of Positive Periodic Solutions	30
3.3 Numerical Simulations	42
3.4 Conclusion	43
4 Nonstandard numerical method for a mathematical model of RSV epidemiological transmission	45
4.1 Introduction	46
4.2 Mathematical model	48
4.3 Scheme construction	48
4.4 Numerical Simulations	51
4.4.1 Numerical results and comparison with other schemes	52
4.4.2 Numerical results for very large time	53
4.5 Conclusions	58
5 Numerical solutions for the transmission of virus RSV using the differential transformation method	61
5.1 Introduction	62
5.2 Basic definitions of DTM	64
5.3 The operation properties of the differential transformation	68
5.4 Applications to seasonal epidemic models	70
5.4.1 SIRS model for the transmission of Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)	70
5.4.2 Nested model for the transmission of Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)	71
5.5 Numerical results	73
5.6 Conclusion	78
6 Conclusions	81

